Question	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
BUSINESS RESEARCH METHODS				
		with dignity and		
Respondents should be treated	in casual manner	decency	like siblings	like friends
			Intense in	
Which of the following characterisitics should be present in a good research?	Pilot study	Theoretical	implementation	Specialization
method of inquiry or investigation need to be adopted by the				
researcher to get the best possible research results.	Generalisation	Scientific	Right	Easy
Good researchers always specify the conditions under which their				
seem valid.	Limitations	Reputations	Empirical	Conclusions
A group of 100 BMS students is divided into First year, Second year and Third				
year categories. In random sampling methods these groups are called as				
	strata	classes	work team	quality circle
of hypothesis is more hard hitting whereas acceptance is more				
milder.	Acceptance	Rejection	Formation	Formulation
Population is sometimes called	sample	crowd	hypothesis	universe
hypothesis indicate statements that define relationship				
between two variables.	Descriptive	Casual	Objective	Relational
Research is needed as it provided appropriate guidelines to				
researchers.	Design	Work	Process	Team
one of the most important duties of the researcher is to present				
presentation of finding	unambiguous	Dynamic	relevant	Consistency
method provides reliable data economically and promptly.	collection	formulation	similar	sampling
Only researchers can make optimum use of developing				
hypothesis because state of knowledge is an important source of hypothesis	Descriptive	Knowledgeable	Scholar	Educational
is the ability to form new images and sensation in the mind.	Thinking	Innovation	Imagination	Invention
A researcher must always put it down in	Writing	Reading	Typing	Presentation
Good research should be free from personal bias of the researcher. It should				
be conducted in an	Particular manner	Impartial manner	Partial manner	Formal manner
Secondary data are used extensively in research.	comparative	empirical	exploratory	quantitative
Data is followed by Data processing	Collection	Analysis	reporting	Interpretation
Disguised observation method may be used by the researcher when he feels				
that his presence may affectbehaviour.	buyer	retailer	customer	shopper

When the results of the experiments can be generalised and can be extended				
to other settings and disciplines then, the experiment is known to have				
validity.	 Internal	Disguised	 External	Independent
In, the researcher has a complete control on extraneous variables	Laboratory	Disguised	External	Unstructured
and hence provides high degree of internal validity.	Experiments	Experiments	Field Experiments	Experiments
The qualitative data can be obtained with the help of responses.	Structure	Unstructured	Large	Closed
scaling technique can be used to conduct a research study relating to				0.000
brand image and corporate image.	Likert Scale	Semantic Differential	Dichotomous	Open ended scale
questions are included in the questionnaire which have many sub-	Semi-Structured	Multiple Choice	Dichotomous	
questions with one main questions.	Questions	Questions	Questions	Filtered Questions
Ordinal scale is used extensively in research studies.	Finance	HR	Marketing	Product
scale is also known as ratio-scaled data.	Ratio	Interval	Nominal	Ordinal
Naresh was asked to mention his weight in "kg" but instead he put it in "lbs".	The inconsistent	The incomplete		Answer not in
It is "" type of data error	answer	answer	The incorrect answer	standard form
Correlation analysis is conducted by drawing a graph of the two series under				
study. Such graph is called as	Pie chart	Histogram	Radiogram	Scatter plot
analysis consists of methods of classifying variables into clusters				
or groups such that the members of each group are having similar				
characteristics.	Factor	Cluster	Regression	Discriminant
Studying the effect of two or more predictors on certain evaluation criterion				Multidimensional
is:	Discriminant Analysis	Beta Analysis	Cluster Analysis	scaling
Line graphs are sometimes called as:	Gantt charts	Line charts	Histograms	Bar graphs
Interpretation of data is an important step in research				
process.	Marketing	Accounting	Production	Sales
Data processing is not merely invention. It is a	Revolution	Evolution	Invention	Inference
In the real world, most data collection is related to				
analysis.	Multivariate	Bi variate analysis	Uni variate analysis	Programme
ANOVA stands for analysis of	Mean	Variance	Mode	Distribution
analysis is used to identify and measure the association				
among two sets of variables. This analysis belongs to the family of regression				
methods of data analysis.	Multiple discriminate	Multivariate analysis	Canonical	Multiple regression
The test statistic is assumed to have a and nuisance				
parameters such as standard deviation is known.	Normal distribution	T test	Z-test	Chi square test
Which of these distribution is used for a testing hypothesis?	Normal distribution	Chi square test	Gamma distribution	Poisson distribution
T-test judges the significance of a sample	Mean	Mode	Median	Regression

A is a statement of facts and figures, prepared for the purpose of				
information and action.	Report	Footnote	Bibliography	Webliography
		http:/www.researchg	http:/www.education	
Which of the following is a plagiarism checking website?	http:/go.turnitn.com	ate.com	al.elevier.com	ate.edu.in
For Report writing% of time is devoted.	17%	33%	25%	10%
Which of the following is not a step in writing a report?	Logical Arrangement	Redrafting	Submission of report	Sampling
Protect such as papers or grants submitted for	Informal	Formal	Secret	Confidential
publication, personnel records, trade and military secrets and patient records.	communication	communication	communication	communications
The research report may also contain indicating the name of the		Letter of	Non-objection	
person or the authority to whom the report is transmitted or addressed.	Transmittal Letter	recommendation	Certificate	Transfer Letter
is essential for good report writing.	Poor English	Good English	Correct words	Correct sentences
			Lists of Books	
Bibliography means	Footnote	Quotations	referred	Biography
The report must be submitted within certain	Deadline	Policies	Pages	Gap
The researcher must obtain to find out whether the report is accepted.	Certificate	Feedback	Document	Result
			Manpower	Competitors
Internal environment will provide information on	Government policies	Customer preference	competencies	strategies
				Employee
can provide information on the level of job satisfaction.	Market research	Financial report	Sales report	performance report
PRODUCTION & TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT				
In production bycertain operations are undertaken that may add value				
or utility to the item	Disintegration	Integration	Service	Assembly
refers to reporting and monitoring of actual performance	Routing	Scheduling	Dispatching	Follow up
Cellular layout is also known aslayout	Group	Product	Process	Project
Life Insurance is an example ofproduct	Staple	Fashion	Impulse	Unsought
A good layout should have minimum	Movement	Accessability	Visibility	Safety
is a product that is used in producing other goods that are to be sold to				
ultimate consumers	Impulse Product	Fashion Product	Industrial product	Emergency Product
Cost per unit is lower inproduction system	Job	Batch	Continuous	Project
Objective ofmanagement is to produce goods and services of right				
quality and quantity at right time and right cost	Production	Human Resource	Finance	Work
is act of confining activities to limited field	Diversification	Specialisation	Simplification	Automation
refers to how a product looks, feels, sounds, tastes or smeels	Reliability	Aesthetics	Reparability	Simplicity

	T			1
Many of the textile mills were originally located near Mumbai and	expensive raw	availability of	1 '	educational facilities
Ahmedabad because of the	material	banking facilities	that prevailed there	available there
Which of the following is not required for a successful negotiation by	economic trends of	supplying company's		1
the purchase manager ?	the region deciding on whether	financial conditions deciding on whether	of the shareholders	of the industry
	to make a	_		to make a
What does a Make or Dund desiries many with reference to the		to make a product	to make a product	
What does a 'Make or Buy' decision mean with reference to the	component in the	in the company or	in the company and	· ·
function of Purchasing?	company or to buy	to buy it from the	sell it to the	company and sell it
		cash-flow		
Materials management is not concerned with	purchasing	management	waste management	production planning
According to Bethel, the responsibility of Materials Management ends				
when the correct in proper condition and quantity				
passes to the consumer.	spare part	machinery	raw material	finished product
	maintain			
	discontinuity of		maintain continuity	
	supply and	prevent continuity	of supply and	maintain continuity
	encouraging	of supply and	encourage	of supply and
	interruption of flow	discouraging	interruption of flow	encourage free flow
	of materials to	interruption of flow	of materials to	of materials to
The objective of Materials Management is to	users.	of maerials to users.	users.	users.
	Raw Materials	Finished Products		Purchased Goods
Which of the following is not a type of inventory?	Inventory	Inventory	Stationary Inventory	Inventory
Semi-finished goods lying on the factory floor are considered as	Work-in-process			
	materials	Purchased materials	finsihed goods	welfare materials
analysis is also known as Pareto's Law	HML	ABC	XYZ	SOS
analysis is based on the criteria of procurement difficulties	HML	SDE	ABC	VED
Under Review Inventory System, suppliers do not know the				
exact quantity of orders that will be placed	EOQ	Reorder	Periodic (P)	Continuous (Q)
Calculate Reorder Level. Lead time is 7 days. Per day Consumption is 500				
units. Safety Stock is 400 units	3900 units	3600 units	3300 units	3000 units
Calculate EOQ. Annual demand is 4,200 units. Unit cost is Rs.8/-Ordering cost				
is Rs. 200. Inventory carrying cost is 30% of price	836 units	840 units	837 units	842 units
Calculate Total Inventory Cost. Ordering cost is Rs. 5,000. Carrying Cost is Rs.				
15,000. Direct Material Cost is Rs. 50,000	Rs. 20,000	Rs. 55,000	Rs. 65,000	Rs. 70,000
category items account for about 10 - 15 % of the items and 10 - 15	-,	,	,	-,
% of the inventory amount (dollar) usage	A	В	c	D
, s or the miretion, amount (action, accept	1	<u></u>	1~	ı -

A product can be improved and it's cost lowered through	Value engineering	Operation research	PERT	СРМ
	Value engineering	Operation research	PENI	
is the process of determining the value of job within an	Lab analogičan	lak salasasasa	tale and tale as and	Material
organisation through an examination of job content.	Job evaluation	Job enlargement	job enrichment	management
is estimated for a agriculture system or subsystem defined			Multifactor	
within a given area and time period.	Water productivity	Capital productivity	productivity	Land productivity
was the first to incorporate the human aspects of quality				
management which is referred to as a Total Quality Management	Dr.Juran	Edward Deming	Kaizen	Philip crosby
After e.deming who is considered to have a greatest impact in quality				
management.	Edward Deming	Joseph.J.Jurans	Kaizen	Philip crosby
Fourteen point framework for quality and productivity improvement was				
suggested by	Crosby	Ishikawa	Deming	Juran
is of primary importance in countries where there is high				
density of population	Land productivity	Energy productivity	Machine productivity	Water productivity
is one of the dimensions of goods quality.	Empathy	Responsiveness	Assurance	Repairability
A quality circle is a technique that gives opportunity to				
employees to solve problems related to their own jobs.	Chinese	European	Indian	Japanese
Gap between management perception and service quality specifications/				
standards, results into	Quality gap 5	Quality gap 1	Quality gap 2	Quality gap 3
Manufacturing requires 100 kgs. material, costing Rs. 60 per kg. Output is Rs.				
80,000. Calculate material productivity.	48,00,000	13.33	6000	800
Output in a unit was 10,000 units and inputs were 5,000 units in 2018-2019.				
Ouput went to 15,000 units and inputs went to 3,000 units in 2019-2020. In				
this example productivity over the period of time.	decreased	increased	reduced	lowered
A process which is at a quality level of Six Sigma has defects per				
million opportunities.	5.6	9.8	3.4	2.4
Kepner - Tregoe decision making is a methodology for gathering				
information, prioritizing and organizing such information and then analysing				
and evaluating it.	Semi - Structured	Structured	Unstructured	Symmetrical
waste includes people holding back on material or equipment				,
and the idle equipment.	Transportation	Waiting	Inventory	General
PDCA cycle is also termed as cycle.	PDFA	PDSA	PMKY	PDPA
MURA can be reduced by creating openness in the	Management	Shareholding	Supply Chain	Creditors
			I. Iv. I	
The application of DMADV is used when client requires	Product improvement	payback	setback	credit
Taguchi's design aimed to find the most cost effective way of				
controlling noise.	System	parameter	tolerance	effective

		Better quality	Better after sale	Better durable
The benefit of ISO 9000 to customer is	Inexpensive product	products	service	products
Malcolm Baldrige National Quality award(MBNQA) was established by				
congree in the year	1997	1985	1987	1982
QS 9000 was first issued in	1995	1996	1994	1992
	Enviornment Monitor	Environment	Environment monitor	Employees
EMS stands for	standard	Management system	system	management system
are documented rules and guidelines for implementing a				
quality system in the company.	Quality policy	ISO standards	Quality standards	Quality assurance
Which of the following is for Environment Management system?	ISO 9000	ISO 14000	ISO 26000	ISO 12000
BUSINESS ECONOMICS II				
Which of the following is NOT a flow variable?	Income	Saving	Wealth	Investment
During consumer purchase are highest.	Recession	Recovery	Trough	Peak
Unproductive expenditures like reduces the welfare of		Services of		Conventional and
the people	Regrettable costs	housewives	Leisure	Green GNP
is counted without duplication	NNP at Factor Cost	NNP	Natural capital	GDP
An economy is said to be if more income comes from				
secondary and tertiary sectors	Advanced	Underdeveloped	Slowly developing	Backward
	Growth in bank	Channelising idle	Increase in money	
is not a feature of Prosperity Phase	credits	funds	supply	Lower profits
is not a measure to control trade cycles	Monetary policy	Fiscal policy	Public expenditure	Poverty
In Keynes consumption theory the chief factor that determines consumption				
expenditure is	Personal income	Relative income	Permanent income	Disposable income
According to Keynes what causes changes in inducement to invest by			MEC and rate of	MPCand rate of
entrepreneurs?	MPC and MEI	MES and MPC	interest	interest
If MPC is 1/2 ,then MPS isand k is	1,2	1/2,2	2,2	2,1
APS =	C/Y	S/Y	I/C	C/S
Supply of money is a as well as a stock	long	fluctation	flow	base
is major determinant of bank money	community money	public money	cash reserve ratio	budget
Which of the following is most liquid measure of money supply in India	M1	M2	M3	M4
According to J M Keynes demand for money is influenced by	liquidity preference	demand	sales	profit
Demand for money according toeconomist is due to medium of				
exchange	modern	classical	regional	international
The demand for money as a cushion against unexpected contingencies is				
called the	transactions motive	precautionary motive	insurance motive	speculative motive

Equation M=KPT is propounded by which of the following Cambridge				
economists	Keynes	Marshall	Robertson	Pigou
	·	Transactionary		
refers to the demand for money for day to day transactions.	Speculative motive	motive	Precautionary motive	Quantity of Money
		Reduce Poverty and	Overall Monetary	
The main objective of monetary policy in India is	Growth with Stability	Achieve Stability	Stability	RBI
Which of the following concept is just opposite to deflation?	Inflation	Stagflation	Deflation	Reflation
During Inflation ,Value of money	falls	Increse	More	remain constant
The Cambridge economists developedapproach to quantity				
theory of money	credit balance	cash balances	independent	store value
causes economic uncertainty and promote instability.	Unbalanced Budget	Balanced Budget	Public Debt	Public Borrowing
is the sum of the net increase in holdings of treasury bills of the RBI				
and its contributions to the market borrowing of the government.	Fiscal Deficit	Primary Deficit	Stimulas Spending	Monetised Deficit
tries to increase economic growth through taxes and spending.				
	Monetary Policy	Balance of Payment	Contractionary Policy	Expansionary policy
External Debt implies borrowing from countries.	SAARC	Foreign	Asian	African
			Disclousre	
		Disclousre	requirements and	
Fiscal discipline includes	Intra- year targets	requirements	Intra- year targets	Revenue Budget
The FRBM act deals only with the operations of the				
government.	Monetary	Supervisory	Deficit	Budgetary
is a long-term debt for a definite period	Funded Debt	Unfunded Debt	Debt Redemption	Public Debt
Public debt is also known as	Liability	Sovereign Debt	Future Debt	Internal Debt
During the time of Inflation government will follow	Balanced Budget	Surplus Budget	Deficit Budget	Unbalanced Budget
	Cut Government		Cut Government and	Increase spending
Contracyclical Fiscal policy during Recession would	Spending	Increase Taxes	Increase Taxes	and cut taxes
	Revenue>	Revenue <	Expenditure =	Does not impact the
Fiscal Policy is said to be loose or Expansionary when	Expenditure	Expenditure	Revenue	changes in Taxation
		Immediate money		
Impact of a tax refers to -	Final money burden	burden	indirect real burden	intermediate burden
	labour is			
	homogeneous and of	labour is	labour differs in	
	same efficiency in all	homogeneous within	efficiency within the	
Richardian thory assumes that	the countries	the country	country	demand

	I			
	ratio of foreign		ratio of foreign direct	
	exchange receipts	ratio of price index of		
Terms of trade are expressed as a	and payments	exports and imports	portfolio investment	investment
	stimulates	brings down the cost	diversifies the	
International trade do not increases the economic welfare of	innovations	of production	consumption	number of consumer
External borrowing is treated as	accomodative flow	autonomous flow	invisible flow	prices of product
Modern theory of international trade assumes a two country, two commodity				
and factors of production model	One	Multiple	Tour	Two
		Ratio of price of		
	Increase in imports	exports to that of	Quantity of exports	Percentage of export
The NBTT considers	and exports	imports	and imports	and imports
			Equal differences in	·
Ricardian theory of international trade is beneficial under	Comparative cost	Absolute cost	cost	Negative cost
takes place in smaller percentage due to operation of the market				J
forces.	Devaluation	Revaluation	Depreciation	Deflation
	Structural	Long run	Cyclical	Short run
Fundamental disequilibrium is also known as .	disequilibrium	disequilibrium	, disequilibrium	disequilibrium
would also bring in a change in exchange rate	Past expectations	Future expectations	Economic	Social
intervention reduce excess volatility.	IMF	EXIM	RBI	CRR
A purchase of government bonds come under the	Equilibrium	Balance	Disequilibrium	Disbalance
The disputes of FDI are over	Concern	Interest	Regard	Hobby
			-0	
Ricardo's theory is based on two country, two commodity and model	Two factor	One factor	Multiple factor	No factor
introduced the concept of GBTT	Adam Smith	Alfred Marshall	Amartya Sen	Taussing
FOUNDATION COURSE IV		7 64	rar eya o o	
Businessmen must be given proper education and guidance before				
introducing	Business Ethics	society	competitors	social ethics
Business ethics are for the survival of business	important	unimportant	mandatory	volunteering
Business ethics are must to safeguard these rights of the	consumers	doctors	engineers	architect
are important to develop good and friendly relations between	55.154111615	3300013	56	3. 3.11.000
business and society.	personal ethics	professional ethics	Business Ethics	environmental ethics
business and society.	personal ethics	professional ethics	Dusiness Ettiles	Chan of the characteristics
Corporations as congrate and ontities have cortain moral responsibilities	llogal	voluntoor	social	husinoss
Corporations, as separateentities, have certain moral responsibilities.	legal	volunteer	social	business
The wood far agreetience in hydrogen with the lands	Dringinles of according	Quality of products /	Financia vina o in t	Ouglitus of Marila Life
The need for compliance in business rules include	Principles of morality	Iservices	Employment	Quality of Work Life

				Policy of the
The Contribution Business can make to the society	Principles of morality	Laws	Employment	company
	toward shareholders,			
	bankers, customers			
The Consequences of business activity include	and employees of	Principles of morality	Laws	Employment
		Toward environment		
	Ethics is a personal	inside and outside		Quality of products /
Myth of Business Ethics	and individual affair	the organization	Principles of morality	services
		toward shareholders,		
	Business and Ethics	bankers, customers		
	do not go hand in	and employees of		
Myth of Business Ethics	hand	organization.	Principles of morality	Laws
	Children in			
Which is not the type of unethical issues in advertisement?	advertising	Streotyping	Insider trading	Surrogate
Which is not the type of unethical issues in finance?	Window dressing	Insider trading	Turf guarding	Spamming
refers to publicly underrating competitors in social media dialogs.	Spamming	Public bashing	Sterotyping	Subliminal messaging
with consumers could help markets implement more ethical				
marketing decisions.	Discount	Offers	Pre-tests	After sale service
whistle blowing involves concealing one's identify.	External	Open	Internal	Anonymous
refers to hoarding reserves.	Turf guarding	Inadequacy	Risk avoiding	Insider trading
When business owners and salespersons engage in using the exact marketing				
messages of their competitors to maket their own products or services is	Spamming of		Plagiarism of	
referred to	messages	Concealing dark sides	marketing messages	Using fear tactics
"This price is a limited time offer, if you don't buy now, you might have to pay			Spamming of	
much more to buy it later" is an example of	Concealing dark sides	Using fear tactics	messages	Streotyping
whistle blowing refers to individuals openly reveal their identity as				
they convey the information.	External	Anonymous	Internal	Open
refers to not complying with provisions with regard to statutory				
minimum.	Risk avoiding	Turf guarding	Inadequacy	Window dressing
Every company should establishforum to solve problems of workers			•	
at regular intervals	Grievance Redressal	Investor	News	Consumer
Ethics in HRM indicates the treatment of employees with ordinary decency				
andjustice	Expolitative	Collective	Distributive	Joint
4 V model of ethical leadership is created by	Dr Bill Grace	Bill Gates	Bill Crosby	Henry Fayol

stands for innovation ,according to the 4 V model	Virtue	Renewal	Polis	Service
connects vision to the values	Virtue	Polis	Voice	Service
A good corporate citizen is one that is	Discriminatory	Partial	Non Exploitative	Exploitative
Discrimination is action based on resulting in unfair treatment of				
people	Prejudice	Judgement	Impartiality	Objectivity
	Confederation of	Constitution of Indian	Control of Indian	Conflict of Indian
CII stands for	Indian Industry	Industry	Industry	Institutes
	14 Principles of			
Kautilyashighlighted the importance of Goverance	management	Arthasashtra	Gita	Manusmriti
was the first non governmental organisation in the world to suggest				
principles of Corporate Governance and ask its member nations to adopt				
them	SEBI	wто	GATT	OECD
is a key part of making CSR work in an organisation.	Human Resource	Finance	Trusteeship	Service
	Consumer Protection	Right to Information		
The has brought the idea of CSR to the forefront .	Act	Act	Factories Act	Companies Act
Any company having a net worth of 500 crore or turnover of 1000 crore or				
net profit of 5 crore or more should spend on CSR activities.	3%	1%	2%	5%
Mahatma Gandhi advocated the Principle of in Business.	Philanthropy	Exception	Sustainability	Trusteeship
The history of CSR in India has Phases which run parallel to India's				
historical development .	two	four	five	three
SEBI has mandated the inclusion ofreports as part of the Annual	Business	Corporate		Sustainable
Report .	Responsibility	Governance	Strategy	Responsibility
Carroll organised different corporate social responsibilities as a four layered			Pyramid of	
model and called it the	four responsibilities	carrolls four layer	responsibility	four part model
Responsibility focuses on practices that facilitate the long term				
growth of the business	Economic	Legal	Ethical	Philanthropic
Responsibility of a company demand that businesses abide by				
the law and play the rules of the game .	Economic	Legal	Ethical	Philanthropic
During thePhase the private sector was forced to take a backseat.	first	second	third	fourth
The CSR committee will consist of Director.	Four	Three	Two	One
The CSR committee shall meet at lest in a year to discuss and				
review the CSR activities and policy.	Trice	Twice	Once	Fourth
The quorum of CSR Committee shall bemembers.	Three	Five	Two	One
The CSR committee shall be compromised of 3 or more directors ,out of				
which at least one director shall be andirector.	Independent	Dependent	Executive	Managing

า			
NGO	CSR	Economy	Government
400 crore	500 crore	600 crore	800 crore
5 crore	9crore	6 crore	4 crore
1978	1977	1975	1970
1,135	1,145	2,204	12,400
Hoarding	Corruption	Black marketing	Not legal work
television	radio	magazines	sales promotions
		point-of-purchase	
media advertising	promotions	advertising	public relations
product	promotion	integration	promotion
increasingly little		the move towards	the more
difference between		relationship	collaborative
products	the internet	marketing	approach to strategy
		Selecting and target	
Identifying Markets	Market segmentation	market	competitive analysis
Message	Channel	Encoding	Decoding
Learn> feel> do	Learn> do> feel	do> feel> learn	feel> learn> do
Advertisement	Publicity	Personal Selling	Marketing
Coupons	Samples	Push Money	Pull Money
In-Store Advertising	Built-in Advertising	Green Advertising	Stock Advertising
Advertisement	Forecasting	Direct Marketing	Sales promotion
Research	Results	Reference	Response
Internet		Direct Mail	
Advertisement	Broadcast Media	Advertising	Print Media
advertising	public relations	direct marketing	sales promotion
Sponsorship	Publicity	Sales promotion	Advertisement
	400 crore 5 crore 1978 1,135 Hoarding television media advertising product increasingly little difference between products Identifying Markets Message Learn> feel> do Advertisement Coupons In-Store Advertising Advertisement Research Internet Advertisement advertising	NGO CSR 400 crore 500 crore 5 crore 9crore 1978 1977 1,135 1,145 Hoarding Corruption television radio media advertising promotions product promotion increasingly little difference between products the internet Identifying Markets Market segmentation Message Channel Learn> feel> do Learn> do> feel Advertisement Publicity Coupons Samples In-Store Advertising Built-in Advertising Advertisement Forecasting Research Results Internet Advertisement Broadcast Media advertising public relations	NGO CSR Economy 400 crore 500 crore 600 crore 5 crore 9crore 6 crore 1978 1977 1975 1,135 1,145 2,204 Hoarding Corruption Black marketing television radio magazines point-of-purchase advertising product promotion integration increasingly little difference between products the internet marketing Message Channel Encoding Learn> feel> do Learn> do> feel do> feel> learn Advertisement Publicity Personal Selling Coupons Samples Push Money In-Store Advertising Built-in Advertising Direct Marketing Research Results Reference Internet Advertising public relations direct marketing direct marketing direct marketing direct marketing

Which one of the following is the greatest obstacle to implementing integrated marketing communications?	The cost for implementing an IMC program is difficult to justify.	I	There is a lack of interest in IMC by top management.	Few providers of marketing communications services have the skills to execute IMC programs.
When a company retains the product but reduces marketing support costs it				
is in what stage of the PLC	Decline	Maturity	Growth	Introduction
IMC, as presented in the text and in context with promotion, stands for:	International manufacturing capacity.	International monetary consistency.	Integrated marketing communications.	Integrated marketing corporations.
Providing offer to refund a part of the purchase price of any product to	capacity.	consistency.	communications.	corporations.
consumer is known as	Coupons	Price pack	Rebate	Premium
Scratching card and getting gift or some offer immediately is called	Discounts	Rebate	Instant draw and assigned gifts	Price packs
To maintain the present customers to buy the product and encourage them				
to buy more is an objective of	Public relation	Personal Selling	Promotion Mix	Sales promotion
Which concept supplements the work of sales promotion?	Middleman	Direct Marketing	Advertising	Publicity
Increasing short term sales, getting retailers to carry new products and advertise more, reinforce brand position areof Sales promotion.	Tools	Devloping programs	Overviews	Objectives
The promotion tool that may include coupons, contests, premiums, and other means Of attracting consumer attention is best described as being which of the following? The term means to draw the attention of the prospects towards	Advertisement	Publicity	Direct Marketing	Sales promotion
a specific product or service.	Publicity	Advertising	Sales promotion	Sponsorship
Advertising brings of market by creating new demand for existing new products.	Contraction	Expansion	Diversification	Downsize
Trains, Railways, buses, taxis, private vehicles are example of				
advertising.	Point of Purchase	Specialty Media	Broadcast	Transit
Advertising is treated as profession with its professional bodies and code of conduct for members.	Art	Science	Profession	Commerce
PR consultancy can provide and impartial services facilitating correct assessment of the situation by the management	Biased	Fake	Unbiased	Irrelevant
An sponsorship can be defined as a critical source of funding for all kinds of events for visibility and brand awareness.	Corporate	Event	Marketer	Charity

Business are opportunities for business people to gain exposures				
for their business, promote new products or services and make sure accurate				
information reaches targeted customers.	Sponsorship	Newsletters	Brochures	Events
Locating prospective customers is step in personal selling				
process.	First	Second	Third	Fourth
Events are valuable opportunities even if you don't have top				
billing as a speaker.	Demoting	Mismanagement	Suspending	Promotional
is a printed report containing news of the activities of a business.	Blogs	Newsletters	Catalogues	Yellow pages
involves investments in events or causes for the purpose of				
achieving corporate or marketing objectives.	Mutual Funds	Sponsorship	Charity	Fixed Deposits
Media relations, Advertorials, Social media, Newsletters are the tools of				
·	Publicity	Public Relation	Direct Marketing	Personal Selling
Publicity, Communication, Government relations, Public affairs are the				
activities associated with	Advertising	Promotion	Public Relations	Personal Selling
You make yourself more relevant when you publish content on				
your blog.	Boring	Evergreen	Political	Insulting
In stereotyping advertisements, boys are often portrayed as a rough or				
aggressive, while girls are portrayed as more dainty or	Powerful	Feminine	Outspoken	Muscular
It is considered to generate profits through marketing to vulnerable				
groups.	Ethical	Correct	Unethical	Appropriate
Some business use workers because they can pay them less than				
minimum wage.	Documented	Undocumented	Legitimate	Legal
Ethical marketing is less of a marketing strategy and more of a				
that informs all marketing efforts.	Psychology	Sociology	Philosophy	Anthropology
Victims of fraud may seek in civil court.	Establishment	Injustice	Redress	Impairment
displays as set of print ads containg the one being				Cognitive
evaluated.	Theater test	Online copy testing	Portfolio Test	neuroscience
Promotion mix includes Sales Promotion, Personal Selling, Advertising and	Marketing	Sales	Publicity	Budget
A good copy-testing system needs to provide measurements that are	relevant to the	relevant to the	relevant to the	relevant to the
	advertising script	advertising media	advertising budget	advertising objectives
is the primary method used to measure the impact of Online				
advertising.	Click through	Monitor web chat	redemption rates	response rates
finds out responses to the main message of the ad as well	Advetising Tracking	Meassage Evaluatio		Cognitive
as the presentation format.	Research	Technique	Copy Testing	neuroscience

	Emotional reaction	Meassage Evaluatio		Cognitive
are based on the concept on the feelings.	Test	Technique	Copy Testing	neuroscience
Oversimplification of something that is more complex than it's portrayed is				
termed as	Puffery	Fraud	Communication	Stereotyping
EVENT MARKETING				
Event marketing is a	a product	tangible	a service	a good
Which of the following are types of events	A ceremony	A competition	A festival	All of these
Which of the following is not an element an event	organizer	venue	target audience	competitors
Which is the first step in event designing	Concept	Cost	Canvassing	Carrying out
Budgeting an event, negotiating contracts, arranging the speaker, and				
organizing audiovisual needs is part of which stage of the event				
planning process?	research	design	planning	coordinating
The most important information a meeting planner can determine	Past events held by	Expected		Group
prior to an event is:	the group	attendance	The budget	demographics
Budgeting an event, negotiating contracts, arranging the speaker, and				
organizing audiovisual needs is part of which stage of the event				
planning process?	Research	Design	Planning	coordinating
Promotes events.:Disneyland's Main Street Electric Parade is an		_	_	_
example of this	Social events	Consumer shows	Public events	Tourist attractions
Corporations and associations produce special events for their				
members are referred as	Meetings	Private events	Political events	Public events
			To track the event's	
	To list all the		development and	To provide guests
	contact details of	To keep track of	schedule during	with information
	your colleagues and		planning and	about what your
What is the purpose of an itinerary?	suppliers	finance	hosting	event will entail
	That they have	That they have		That they are the
When booking a supplier, service, entertainer, etc., what should you	public liability	attended events	That they will fully	most local option
determine?	insurance	like yours in the	sponsor your event	
				Compare its
			Compare its renting	location with others
	Book it immediately	Visit the venue to	price with others	and select the
ou've found a venue online that you think would be suitable. What	so you have a back	further determine	and go with the	venue nearest to
should you do?	up at all times	its suitability	cheapest option	you

Concept stage refers to	stage when idea is put in place	stage where target audience will be kept in mind and the invitees will be chosen	generate the required mileage	program is re- polished for alleviation of loop- holes and everything is customized to suit the target audience program is re- polished for
	involves the execution of all the plans of the event	stage where target audience will be kept in mind and	advertising to generate the required mileage	alleviation of loop- holes and everything is
	according to the	the invitees will be	for the success of	customized to suit
Carryin out stage refers to	final concept	chosen	the events takes	the target audience
Interaction points are those designated areas of the along				
with particular time slots, where the interaction is to take place.	Organizer	Venue	Clients	None of these
Interaction catalyst form an part of the events	integral	non essential	partial	secondary
Which is the most popolar and virtual mode of advertising the events				
today	Websites	word of mouth	direct marketinng	hospitality
The philosophy of is to identify market segments, select one or				
more, and develop products and marketing mixes tailored to each		product-variety		toward we are leasting a
selected segment.	mass marketing Market	marketing	macromarketing	target marketing
is to evaluate each segment's attractiveness and select one or more of the market segments.	segmentation	Market targeting	Market positioning	Market evaluation
divides buyers into different groups based on social class,	Demographic	Behavior	Psychographic	Geographic
lifestyle, and personality characteristics.	segmentation	segmentation	segmentation	segmentation
Many marketers believe that are the best starting point for	age and life-cycle	250	social class	250
building market segments.	stage variables	income variables	variables	behavior variables
examines the degree to which segments are large or	J			
profitable enough to serve as markets.	Measurability	Substantiality	Actionability	Accessibility
A firm using a strategy targets several market segments and	concentrated	•	differentiated	undifferentiated
designs separate offers for each segment.	marketing	mass marketing	marketing	marketing
Dividing markets into groups of customers with similar needs is called:	segmenting	targeting	perceptual mapping	positioning

Positioning is the process of:	creating the right relationship with suppliers and retailers	putting the product in the right place in the customer's mind	putting the product in the right shops	putting the product in the right place within a retail store to ensure that
		to help customers		resources are used
The purpose of segmentation is:	to simplify the marketing plan.	understand what our products are.	to make it easier to find customers.	effective way.
Segmenting a market according to where people would like to conduct	• .	geographic	psychographic	behavioural
an event is an example of:	segmentation	segmentation	segmentation	segmentation
	follow a		follow an	follow a
A low-resource company in a mass market containing high-	differentiated	follow an	undifferentiated	concentrated
differentiation consumers should:	strategy.	aggressive strategy.	strategy.	strategy.
Events that come in-between fixed events are referred as	Pre-planned evens	Ad-hoc events	Regular events	None of these
		Concept based		Location based
Events based on the time period involved in planning and execution	Time based events	events	Artist based events	
Events organized within the boundaries of the country are termed as	Overseas events	Domestic events	rural events	City based events
Events where special demands have to be satisfied to conduct events	o:			Multi-location
at several locations simultaneously.	City based events	Domestic events	Overseas events	events
events that are so popular that multiple sponsorship covers all or part	6 1 1	Partially sponsored		Budget based
of the production expenses of the event	Sponsored events	events	Ticketed events	events
Events that are to be held in need to be researched much more and presented in a manner that will be understood and appreciated by				
the foreign audience.	city based events	rural	overseas	multilocation
Revelry,crowd,loud music will require	artist	oral permission	license and permits	musical instruments
pricing decisions should be based on	your nationality	your infrastructure	your employees	your niche
For marketers ,virtual events can provide rich source of	event data	marketing data	business data	no data
,		it is available as a		
		permanent		it is available
Virtual world is different from virtual event because	it is exclusive	environment	both are same	temporary
Vurtual marathons are a possibility and one of the app used for New York				
marathon is	start	Strava	strive	stiff is only for college
Green event	promotes charity	promotes branding	minimizes waste	events

once in a while

Sustainable actions are	everyday actions	weekly actions	actions	event day actions
RURAL MARKETING				
the quality certification mark for agriculture produce.	BIS	AGMARK	ISO 20000	ISI
Pomes is an examples of	Duplicates	Original	Spell alike	Look alike
is a seasonal activity and not an organized one.	Sericulture	Vermiculture	Agriculture	Professional
The Rural market is characteristic by volume but low margin.	Discount	Small	Large	Medium
The rural consumers are more concerned with the of the product				
and its appearence.	Utility	Value	Price	Storage
For identification, the rural consumers do give their to the				
name of an item.	Value	Own brand name	Usage	Storage
which covers almost 90% of the population of our country				
given a mass coverage for the marketers to promote their products				
effectively.	Behaviour	Qualification	Education	Doordarshan
developments in agriculture results in overall rural development.	Technological	Cultural	Social	Structural
India is a land of agriculture and most of the population resides in	Villages	Cities	Urban area	Towns
				Thomson Rural
This method is a software developed by Initiative Media on data.	Lin Quest	Mica Ratings	Land use pattern	market
There is a tremendous scope for new companies to penetrate the				
market.	Urban	Rural	Semi -Urban	Metro city
factors have an impact on the occupation and lifestyles of				
the rural people.	Economic	Socio - Cultural	Political	Technological
It is estimated that the literacy level in rural India is as compared to				
52% for the entire country.	43%	45%	42%	44%
can be segmented using the concept of "Urban				
Orientations".	Rural market	Niche market	Agricultural market	Urban market
While finalizing the Marketing Mix a Marketing Manager has to consider the			Behaviour of the	Behaviour of
	Trade factors	Market competition	Government	Consumers
Nearly% of farmers are small and marginal and thus they are				
unable to produce anything for the market.	70	60	40	50
There is a high degree of in Indian agricultural system				
because it is largely dependent on the rainfalls.	Heterogeneity	Uncertainty	Perishability	Seasonality
Rural expenditure on Fast moving Consumer Goods were growing at an				
impressive rate of 20 to %.	23	24	25	26

Consumer behaviour is a dynamic interaction of and cognition				
behaviour and environmental by which human beings conduct exchanges				
during their lives.	Love	Care	Affection	Innocent
Products which are already in demand & in economic range if produced will				
attract the market	Rural	Urban	City	Local
has classified rural consumer durables based on the income of the				
consumer	NCERT	NCAER	NABBARD	
Consumption accounts for 80% of total sales in rural areas because				
of increased per capita income	Unbranded	Branded	Agriculture products	Local products
The association of the brand is mainly with numbers & visuals	Colours	Names	Label	Brands
The dynamics change from one village to another.	Competition	Compensation	Introduction	Product
products are rampant in rural India	Fakes	Genuine	Real	Good
are fakes of original products	Lookalike	Spell likes	Duplicates	Branded
profits are passé in rural markets	Instant	Short-term	Long-term	Mid-term
Market is the process of categorizing the market into different				
groups based on one or more variables	Segmentation	Share	Profitability	Mobility
Segmentation involves parameters like purchasing occasions,				
benefits sought, user status, usage rate etc.	Psychographics	Behavioural	Demographic	Geographic
During the early 1970's Britannia industries introduced a biscuit called				
with soya protein.	Probisk	Gooday	High risk	wheatpro
In Orissa, was established by the government for the purpose of				
empowering the farmer to complete efficiently in the open market & get a				
remunerative price for the produce.	Shetkari Bazar	Uzhavar Sandies	Krushak Bazar	Rural Bazar
The system in area are unique & involves intermediaries such as				
HAATS, Mandis, Public Distribution System & Co-operative Society.	Rural	Urban	Local	Regional
Media can broadly divided into & mass media	Traditional	Voice	Modern	Complex
While creating advertisements for rural audience the primary focus area is				
always reach & creation followed by sales & profit generation	Intellectual	Economic	Awareness	Systematic
Rural advertisements have to be created with higher & deeper motive				
towards society.	Reliability	Mobility	Responsibility	Continuity
Rural Markets spending pattern opens up market.	Insufficient	Surplus	Commodity	Sufficient
is the new medium to rural markets & response in uncertain.	Communication	Management	Taxation	Accounting
Covers 93% of village & 70% of rural population	Agents	Consultants	HAATs	Cooperatives
unit pack stands a good chance of acceptance in rural market due			<u> </u>	
to the low per capita rural income and habits.	small	medium	large	semi large

is the low cost distribution channel available for the rural marketers.	Agents	Consultants	HAATs	ITCs
FINANCIAL INSTITUTION & MARKETS	0		-	
allocate savings in an economy to ultimate users either for investment				
in real estate or for consumption	Money system	Financial system	Barter system	Capital system
is the nodel agency to regulate the capital market and other related		·	·	
issues in India	SEBI	RBI	MOF	IRDA
				Barter System
Which among the following is a function of financial system?	Pooling of Funds	Restricted trading	Lower Investments	Growth
The Security Exchange Board of India Act was passed in	1997	1992	1975	1982
	Interrated Rural	Institutional Rural	Interrated Regional	Interrated Rural
	Development	Development	Development	Distribution
Full form of IRDP	Programme	Programme	Programme	Programme
				Non-Banking
Many micro finance companies are registered in our country as	Banking company	ROSCAS	SHG	Financial Companies
The United National General Assembly adopted year as the				
International Year of Micro-credit	2005	2011	2002	2008
refers to unsecured promissory notes issued by credit worthy				
companies to borrow fund on a short term basis.	Treasury Bill	Commercial paper	Certificate of Deposit	Commercial Bill
is a part of money market	Derivatives market	Stock Market	Insurance Market	Call Money Market
Financial market in which Equity instruments are traded are known				
as	Stock market	Debt market	Financial Engineering	Insurance Market
Monitoring foreign exchange resources including balance of payment is a	Department of	Department of	Department of	Department of
function of	Economic Affairs	Expenditure	Financial Service	Revenue
Thecovers Banks, Insurance and fund services provided by various	Department of	Department of	Department of	Department of
government agencies and private corporation.	Revenue	Expenditure	Financial Service	Economic Affairs
Under account the bank gives loans to the borrowers against certain				
security.	Overdraft Facilities	Cash Credit	Money at Call	Consumer Credit
The Central Board of Excise and Custom has members	8	12	5	6
SIDBI was originally established as a wholly owned subsidiary of				
under the Small Industries Development of India Act 1989.	RBI	NABARD	IDBI	SIDC
NABARD recommends about licensing for RRB's and Cooperative banks to RBI	Agree	Disagree	Partially Agree	None of the above
were set up under the Companies Act as State Government			, ,	
undertakings to cope up with the needs of small, tiny and village industries in				
the State/Union Territories	SSIDC	SFC	NABARD	EXIM Bank

is an initiative of SIDBI, DUN & BRADSTREET and leading				
banks as a full service Credit Rating Agency registered with SEBI and				
accredited by RBI.	SMERA	CRISIL	ICRA	RBI
" Rating Committee " means a committee constituted by a credit rating				
agency to assign rating to a security.	Agree	Disagree	Partially Agree	None of the above
is not a investment company	UTI	RBI	LIC	GIC
The money market players are out of the purview of regulator				
and are running parallel banking system.	organised	unorganised	legal	authorised
Which among the following is not part of the Organised Money Market				
structure?	Call money	Treasury Bills	Nidhi Funds	Certificate of Deposit
refers to Mumbai Interbank Offer Rate which is a average of				
call money rates offered by a set of specific banks on a given day.	MIBOR	LIBOR	Repo rate	Reverse repo rate
Companies need to have a tangible net worth of minimum to be				
eligible to issue Commercial Paper.	₹ 4 crore	₹ 10 crore	₹ 10 lakhs	₹4 lakhs
			Government	
Which among the following is not an instrument of the capital market?	Equity Shares	Security Receipts	Securities	Call Money
Any product that can be used for commerce or an acticle of commerce which				
is traded on an authorized exchange is known as	Share	Bond	Debentures	Commodity
Individuals possessing confidential information of a particular company can				
use the information to unethically profit from the stock markets which is				
called	insider trading	stock rigging	bribing	None of the above
is an investment vehicle that allows several investors to pool				
their resources in order to purchase stock, bonds and other securities.	Fixed Deposit	Treasury Bills	Mutual Funds	Commercial Papers
The instrument which derives its value from its underlying asset is called				
	Equity Shares	Debentures	Derivatives	Forex
Capital Market provides debt to the government and the				
corporate sector.	short term	long term	unorganised	unethical
is a vertical arrangement of well integrated chain of financial				
markets and institutions that provide financial intermediation	Political system	Financial system	Cultural environment	Legal environment
refers to assertive and uncoperative behaviour and				
represents win-lose situation in conflict management	Competing	Accomodating	Avoiding	Collaborating
Insystem, the bulk of financial assets and liabilities consists of				
bank deposits and direct loans	Bank oriented	Market oriented	Government oriented	Society oriented
system channels funds to new companies in growth				
industries more quickly	Bank oriented	Market oriented	Government oriented	Society oriented

efficiency refers to level where the financial system				
assignes financial resources to most productive and valuable use	Operational	Dynamic	Allocative	Resource
is not a part of Three Pillar Banking System of	Private Commercial		Small Credit	
Germany	Banks	Savings Bank	Cooperatives	Shinkin Banks
is a non profit, membership corporation to protect				
customers of registered brokers-dealers against losses	AMEX	SEBI	NASDAQ	SIPC
			National Market	
is the Apex bank of the UK	Federal Reserve Bank	Bank of England	System	Reserve Bank of India
was created by Deutsche Borse AG for growth stocks in				
German Capital market	Amtlicher Markt	Geregelter Markt	Freiverkehr	Neuer Markt
Shinkin banks arefinancial institutions in Japanese banking				
system	credit associations	large banks	universal banks	regional banks
AUDITING				
refers to critical examination of books of accounts.	Verification	Accounting	Auditing	Investigation
		Deeply laid down		Dependence on
is the advantage of Auditing.	Test checking	frauds	Detection of Frauds	others
The errors has been classified into category.	2	4	6	5
Management audit is also called as	Financial audit	Efficiency audit	Cost audit	Cash audit
	Finally checking of	Audit quarterly to		Preparing final
	accounts to reveal	submit report at the	Audit of accounts at	accounts at the end
Final audit implies	frauds	end of the year	the end of the year	of the year
·	Employee of the	Agent of the		·
Auditor in general is an	company	company	Agent of shareholders	Agent of stakeholders
		Dependence on	Detection of errors &	Moral check on
is the limitation of Auditing.	Facilitates	others	frauds	employees
There are types of frauds.	2	3	5	6
			Expression of opinion	
			on financial	Verification of
The primary objective of auditing is	Detection of error	Prevention of frauds	statement	accounts
The basic principles of Auditing is given under SA	200	600	700	400
		The client and the	The auditor and his	
Audit programme is prepared by	The client	auditor	assistant	The chief accountant
Audit planning involves developing for the expected scope and conduct				
of the audit	Audit techniques	Overall plan	Frauds	Cost
Audit will enable the auditor to conduct an effective audit in an	·			
efficient and timely manner.	Plan	Evidence	Client	Work
	•	•	•	

is collected before commencing an audit to obtain knowledge of				
business.	Data	Output	Input	Evidence
Audit Evidence must be .	Irrlevant	Difficult	Sufficient	Easy
Audit plans should determine the nature, timing and extent of the audit				,
to be performed.	Procedures	Reliance	Continuous	Work
Audit planning should bethroughout the audit engagement.	simple	Continuous	Difficult	irregular
Audit plan should establish the expected degree of to be placed	,			
on internal control	Reliance	Idea	Cooperation	Comparison
Audit techniques of consists of examining records, documents or				
tangible assets.	Inspection	Observation	Inquiry	Confirmation
Audit techniques of means a formal inquiry from outsiders	Inspection	Observation	Inquiry	Confirmation
				Clerical error in
Internal control is subject to	Test checking	Human error	Dynamic conditions	accounting
creates moral check on the employees.	Routine check	Test check	Random Check	Internal Check
Internal check is suitable for	Large concern	Small concern	Sole trading	Petty shop
Test checking reduces the liability of	Auditor	Accountant	Shareholder	Management
There are types of internal control system.	3	2	4	5
				Publications of
Internal reports include	Annual report	Trade journal	Website	professional bodies
Independent auditor may apply	Test check	Internal check	Routing check	Cross check
Auditor's duty in test checking is to judge the quality of	Journal Accounts	Final Accounts.	Trial Balance	Ledger
Andit is	Review of records & systems continuously within the	Review of accounts	Review of systems	Review of records by
Audit to be rise as in	organization by staff	by auditor	periodically	the outside expert
Audit technique is	Test check	Internal check	Text check	Internal audit
decomposition at valouant for continuous biographics	Durahaga inggalaga	Goods inward	Attendence record of	Dumahasa sudan
document is not relevant for vouching cash purchases.	Purchase invoice	register	cashier	Purchase order
procedure ensure separation of transaction of the current year	C. + - #	Fancing and Control	Vaabiaa	Comfines at in a
from those of the next year.	Cut-off	Errors and frauds	Vouching	Confirmation
The condition of the condition the fell of last of the condition of the co	sales within the		sales outside the	
The auditor will examine the bill of lading in order to vouch	states	exports	states	sales on approval
	Certificate from	Certificate from	Certificate from	Certificate from
Value of machinery fabricated by auditee is	Chartered Engineer	Manufacturer	Registrar of Company	Ivianagement

	1	1		,
A document showing shipment of the goods sold by an independent shipper				
is the	Sales order	Bill of lading	Sales invoice	Customer order
has defined Vouching as comparing the entries in books of				
accounts with documentary evidence in support thereof.	Taylor and Perry	Joseph Lancaster	Prof. Dicksee	Hanry Fayol
Checking serial number of vouchers during vouching helps the auditor to	Detects error of	Detect error of	Detect error of	Detect compensating
	principle	omission	commission	error
				Checking existence,
				ownership, non-
The should be noted or checked by the auditor in verification of		Checking the	Checking the entry in	omission and
an asset.	Checking the voucher	transactions	the books	disclosure
	A compliance			
Confirmation is	procedure	An audit technique	A principle of audit	An audit Sampling
TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT				
has resulted in diversity compelling the employees to get trained in				
various skills.	Efficiency	Globalization	Cost-effectiveness	Effectiveness
plays an important part for sustaining healthy working environment				
and developing good interpersonal relations.	Technology	Machine	Place	Human skills
Performance standards should be identified to achieve the of the				
organization.	Objectives	Aim	Purpose	Image
analysis requires determining which employee require training and				
which do not require training.	Task	Organizational	Role	Person
In method the subordinate learns through experience and observation				
by participating in handling day to day problems.	Conference	Understudy	Group Instruction	Case Study
After dividing the employees in groups, the department arranges for		·		·
trainers.	HR	Finance	Marketing	Production
helps the trainee to learn on their own by thinking independently.	Case study	Group Training	Group Discussion	Conference
	Performance		Management	
= Desired Capability - Current Capability of Participants.	assessment	Training needs	Improvement	Leadership
OD is an science where knowledge is developed in the context of			,	
applying it and learning from the consequences	action	social	theoretical	philosophical
is a systematic approach to improving individual and				Human performance
organizational performance	competition	strategy	location	technology
Organizational viability is continuously influenced by the environmental	·	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	opportunities	threats	strength	challenges
In career development providing performance feedback which is career				
oriented is part of	individual role	manager role	employer role	line manager
·			,	

Organization development focuses on both human andscience	biological	social	statutory	organized
Career counselling programme help employees withtransition of all				
kinds	change	behaviour	relations	career
development means the process of increasing the employee potential				
for advancement and career change	workforce	intervention	nature	Career
The best solution atstage is to allow the new entrant to perform				
some specific job and to confer freedom in functioning	exploratory	hierarchical	fear	strategy
identifying the job roles that will be critical to achieving those				
objectives and strategies	Role analysis	Analysis of the future	people analysis	society
			drug and alcohol	
Organizational consultancy are provided issue like	work related stress	trauma	problem	depression
awareness is concerned with knowledge of the world of work and				
training	self	decision making	opportunity	solution
In case study method trainees are given to discuss.	Questions	Syllabus	Topics	Case
Management development programmes ensure managerial resources of the				
organization are properly.	Recruited	Selected	Utilized	Placed
The first step in management development programme is to identify				
organization's	Objectives	Goals	Purpose	Mission
Multiple Management is method of training.	On the job	Off the job	Off the location	Off the state
also learns the decision making as the head of the department involves				
him/her in the discussion of daily operating problems as well as long term				
problems.	Manager	Supervisor	Understudy	Student
is a simple , economic and effective method of management				
development.	In basket exercises	Job rotation	Recruitment	Selection
The most important means of evaluating development programmes is	Observation	Questionnaire	Case study	Interview
Management development aims at preparing managers for better				
performance and helping them to realise their full	Attitude	Potential	Skill	Knowledge
Understudy may be chosen by the	Head	Employee	Supervisor	Subordinate
Skill development is not method of management development.	On the job	Off the job	Off the location	Off the state
is the process of collecting, anlysing and/or reporting information				
regarding the performance of an individual, group, organization, system, or	Performance	Performance	Performance	Performance
component.	Appraisal	Development	Management	planning
arises when past performance affects assessment of present				
performance.	Personal Bias	Halo Effect	Stereotyping	Spill over Effect
Which is the following is not six principles of effective global talent	Cultural	balance of global and		management
management?	embeddedness	local needs	motivation	involvement

is a systematic evaluation of an individual with respect to performance	Performance	Performance	Performance	Performance
on the job and individual's potential for development.	Appraisal	Development	Management	planning
employees are upwardly mobile in the organization and supported by				
powerful coalitions or individuals within the organization.	Corporate citizens	Lone wolves	Star	Checklist
does not tell the degree or extent of superiority i.e. by how much				
one employee is superior to another.	Rating Scales	Grading method	Assessment centres	Ranking method
compare an individual's performance against specific examples of				
behaviour that are anchored to numerical ratings.	BARS	МВО	Assessment centres	360 degree feedback
				Disseminate
is the fifth stage in Knowledge management life cycle.	Create knowledge	Refine knowledge	manage knowledge	knowledge
places importance to explicit knowledge rather than tacit	Information	Knowledge		Total Quality
knowledge.	management	management	Talent Management	Management
knowledge is the one that would have extreme difficulty				
operationally setting out in tangible form.	Explicit	Implicit	Tacit	Recent
can be defined as a programme that encompasses specific goals,			Knowledge	
anticipatively set, for an explicit time period with feedback on goal progress.	TQM	МВО	Management	Talent management
CONFLICT & NEGOTIATIONS				
According to View, conflict is not only a positive force, but minimum		The Human Relations	The Interactionist	The Organizational
level of conflict is necessary for effective group performance.	The Traditional View	View	View	View
The conflicts which hinders group performance are called as	Functional Conflict	Dysfunctional Conflict	Affective Conflict	Reactive Conflict
means the appearance of difference, difference of opinions, of				
interests.	Conflcit	Negotiation	Distrust	Injustice
		Conflict exists	Conflict is a	Conflict is
Which of the following is NOT a feature of Conflict?	Conflict is a Process	everywhere	Perception	Unidimensional
				Lower quality
Which of the following is NOT an important aspect of functional conflict?	Release of Tension	Analytical Thinking	Group Cohesiveness	decisions
involves conflict between two or more individuals and is	Individual level			Organizational Level
recognized conflict.	Conflict	Interpersonal Conflict	Group Level Conflict	Conflict
				Compromise
means that all parties end up being worse off.	Win-win outcome	Win-lose outcome	Lose-lose outcome	outcome
refers to the feelings of hostility and vicious intent of others.	Distrust	Helplessness	Vulnerability	Injustice
technique follows the rule "No winners, no losers."	Avoiding	Collaborating	Accommodating	Compromising
means working together by integrating ideas set out by multiple				
people.	Avoiding	Collaborating	Accommodating	Compromising

is an extension of collective bargaining with third party				
assistance.	Adjudication	Arbitration	Conciliation	Mediation
How many employees are required to have Additional Welfare Officer in a				
factory according to Factories Act?	1500	2500	2700	3000
The Government can force the disputing parties to go for				
arbitration.	Compulsory	Voluntary	Temporary	Collaborating
involves an objective third party.	Investigation	Mediation	Conciliation	Arbitration
means the process in which the conflicting parties agree to refer				
their dispute to a neutral third party.	Arbitration	Investigation	Mediation	Conciliation
means reconciliation of differences between persons.	Arbitration	Investigation	Mediation	Conciliation
Closure is the in the process of negotiation.	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4
negotiation often involves a higher degree of trust and the				
forming of a relationship.	Integrative	Collaborative	Cooperative	Declarative
The way individuals negotiate with each other is called the of				
negotiation.	Feature	Nature	Process	Principle
is defined as a discussion among individuals where everyone				
contributes equally to reach to a conclusion benefitting all.	Conflict	Negotiation	Distrust	Arbitration
negotiation is sometimes called as interest-based negotiation.	Integrative	Distributive	Collaborative	Cooperative
of the employees are redressed by the Management.	Grievance	Injustice	Distrust	Negotiation
	Preparation and	Clarification and		
is the first stage in the process of Negotiation.	Planning	Justification	Bargaining Phase	Closure Phase
				Don't listen to other
Which among the following is the role of Personality in Negotiation?	Be Honest	Be in Anger	Be Rigid	party
is a party centered process in that it is focused primarily upon				
the needs, rights and interests of the parties.	Mediation	Arbitration	Conciliation	Consultation
Which among the following is NOT the role of Mediator?	Convenor	Educator	Safety Valve	Translator
Which among the following is a role of Conciliator?	An Advisor	An Evaluator	An Implementer	A Publisher
is everything which is socially shared and learned by the members of				
a society.	Culture	Ethics	Values	Bluffing
is familiar territory.	Setup	Deal Design	Tactics	Ethics
refers to the exercise of undue influence through mental distortion	Emotional			
and emotional exploitation with the intention to seizure power.	Manipulation	Misrepresentation	Bluffing	Contract
CHANGE MANAGEMENT				
Shifting to a new technology would require making change in the	timing	tasks	management	employees

Computerization automation often requires the organizational structure				
to benefit from the technology upgrade.	renewing	recheck	revamping	rechange
				-
According to Stephen Robbins change is concerned with making things	different	unique	same	monotonous
Change does not takes place in	organization	home	life	vaccum
Change in job assignment, physical movement to different locations and				
change in level of maturity is an	individual level	group level	organizational level	team level
In an organization ,change occurs in how many levels?	two	three	four	five
	changing employees	shifts in objectives of	changing the payroll	change in job
Following is not an example of organizational change.	remuneration	organization	system	assignment
Change has become a among organization.	norm	particular	use	condition
Changes that arise outside the organisation are and changes that occur	upward and	downward and		
within the company are	downward	upward	external and internal	internal and external
There is tough competition between manufacturers and in the market.	buyer	seller	customer	supplier
has made their organization to rethink the boundaries of their markets				
and to encourage their employees to think globally.	privatization	market conditions	technology	globalization
Kurt Lewin's change management model involves steps	5	4	3	2
English to the Market of the con-		Part to a trans		
Emphasis on truth is a of change	imperative	limitation	cause	reason
Cultura is a someont	hard	soft	rough	stony
Culture is a concept	hard	SOIL	rough	stony
change is sudden, drastic and organisation wide	revolutionary	evolutionary	incremental	anticipatory
thange is sudden, drastic and organisation wide	revolutionary	evolutionary	Incremental	anticipatory
is the founder of social psychology	Kurt Lewin	Henry Ford	Charles Darwin	Stephen Robbins
13 the founder of social psychology	Rait LCWIII	Therity Ford	Charles Dal Will	occpricit Robbins
Action Research Model was founded by	Kurt Lewin	Henry Ford	Charles Darwin	Stephen Robbins
A SCION NESCONOMINATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	growth and	in and in an	communication	ocephen Robbins
is the scope of self development and growth in organization.	development	risk taking	patterns	management support
13 the scope of sen development and growth in organization.	Jacvelopilient	Triak taking	patterns	Imanagement support

There is tough competition between manufacturers and in the market.	buyer	seller	customer	supplier
Employees face in their daily work lives.	struggle	political pressure	ethical dilemma	drastic changes
change involves change in organisational vision and striking a				
harmonious alignment with the organisational strategy	Total	reactive	revolutionary	happened
			Organisational	
affects productivity, quality and relationship as well.	Individual change	Resistance	change	Team change
sources of resistance to change resides in basic human				
characteristics such as perceptions, personalities and needs.	organisational	team	Individual	environmental
to change is the act of opposing with modifications or				
transformations that alter the status quo in the workplace.	Acceptance	Welcoming	Liking	Resistance
While the short term effects of change can sometimes be painful ot it can				
haveimpact on business	Negative	Economical	Social	Positive
Switching to a payroll process may mean that a salesperson is paid his				
commission sooner.	Computerized	Professional	Internal	Retroactive
People with high need of are likely to resist change because it				
threatens their feeling of safety	security	protection	unsecurity	safety
A new piece of machinery can aid a worker in speeding up a portion of				
thein a factory.	sales	Production	finance	marketing
Human being reaction to change is	predictable	unpredictable	inevitable	anticipated
An individual accepts change model like	awareness	ADKAR	ability	desire
The goal of OD is to create organisations capable of transforming and			,	
reinvesting themselves	Non-adaptive	Adaptive	Scientific	complex
activites mean such diverse procedures as experiential exercises,				
questionnaire, attitude survey, interviews etc	Classical	Intellect	Structured	Coercion
During the change process ,manager needs to use tools to access				
emotional health of employees	Communication	Mental	Written	Oral
People arriving later and leaving earlier thatin absenteeism	Decreased	Increased	Stable	Balanced
create people unwilling to undertake project or resposibilities in			Lack of morale &	
organisation	responsibility	Lack of ethics	motivation	Learning of skills

				1
In behaviour the employees may intentionally ignore important		l		
commitments	Intent	Assigned	Withdrawal	Change
Manager has to play several roles in management process	Making	Analysis	Change	Findings
can be time consuming but it helps employees to break old routines by				
learning new role patterns	listening	Learning	Studying	Observing
When the interdependence is & of relationship is poor, no mode of				
conflict management is sufficient	Low, Quality	High,Quality	High,Quantity	Low,Quantity
Weisbord used & theories to diagonse the reward system	Weber & Herzberg	Frederick & Maslow	Maslow's & Herzberg	Elton & Maslow
Structure of the organization must be compatible with of the				
organization.	People	Strategy	Assets	Expenses
In the dynamic environment, change involves adding components				
or processes to ongoing development.	Old	new	traditional	inefficient
Before bringing in any change the manager must understand the				
context.	Current	historical	International	traditional
map is a useful tool to explain how existing services align with		Comprehensive		
the System's Approach and indicate where gaps need to be filled.	Road	systems	Earlier systems	company's
The timeliness established to achieve outcomes are often influenced by		,	,	. ,
	Extension factors	External Factors	Eternal factors	Ethical
have already decided that the change can best be achieved only by one				
particular method.	Persuasion, rewards	challenge.acceptance	persuasion, challenge	big. perfect
	Intellectual			10.8/ p = 1.00
ultimately find a solution to the same.	Simulation	Passive Avoidant	Telescope	 Magnification process
Focusing on needs and wants of the customers is determinant of				l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l
change.	 Environmental	 Managerial	Structural	Creational
Participation of employees is effective when managers are about how	2.17 Torritoria	Wanageria	on decara.	or cational
the change might be accomplished.	cunning	open minded	narrow minded	behaviour conscious
The intensive programme of communication should begin at the completion	Cuming	open minucu	India ow ininiaca	Seriaviour conscious
of the analysis and phase of change.	 Implementing	controlling	planning	co-ordinating
HR PLANNING & INFORMATION SYSTEM	mipicincining	Controlling	Pidilililig	co oramating
is also called as Bottom Up approach of HR planning	Quantitative	Qualitative	Mixed	Double
13 also called as bottom of approach of the planning	Quantitative	Quantative	IVIIACU	Double
Estimating Manpower gap is the stage in process of HR planning	2nd	3rd	4th	1st
Long term Manpower planing covers periods usually from	5 to 10 years	10 to 15 years	15 to 20 years	3 to 8 years

	Managerial			
is a very common technique to demand forecasting	Judgement	Ratio - Trend Analysis	Work Study	Regression Analysis
provides a graphical view of all the jobs positions across the				
organisations	Skill Inventory	Succession Planning	Replacement Charts	Staffing Tables
Forecasting is the process of estimating the future human	Human Resource	Human Resource	Human Resource	Human Resource
resource requirement of right quantity and quality	Supply	Demand	Transfer	Inventory
highlights the complexity and stability issues and also on			Environmental	
external trends	Competitive Analysis	Availability Analysis	Analysis	Impact Analysis
		Effective		
HR policies help in	Complexity	Communication	Change management	Impact Analysis
summarises the knowledge, education and experience of				
current employees	Skill Inventory	Succession Planning	Replacement Charts	Staffing Tables
The organisation has to assess the arising due to retirement,		Promotion of	Population	Competition for
death, resignation, termination	Replacement Needs	employees	movement trend	talent
specifications are more important while selecting candidates		Emotional and Social		
for higher position jobs	Physical ability	ability	Mental ability	Behavioural
provides first hand job related information	Job Transfer	Job Analysis	Job Rotation	Job Enlargement
helps the managers to evaluate the performance of the				
employees	Job Transfer	Job Analysis	Job Rotation	Job Enlargement
Job Analysis process is	Time consuming	Fast	Quick	On the spot
is process where organisation reduces it workforce	Downsizing	Employee Retention	Employee Appraisal	Employee Resourcing
is a single biggest cause of downsizing	Economic Boom	Economic Growth	Economic Crisis	In house production
occurs because of the problem within the organisation	Layoff	Termination	Retention	Expansion
is positive process of searching for prospectus candidates	Recruitment	Selection	Termination	Layoff
refers to inherent talent possessed by an employee to do a				
specific job	Ability test	Aptitude Test	Physical test	Emotional stability
succeed job analysis	Transfer	Promotion	Recruitment	Rotation
Allshould formulate a strategy before starting the process of				
a merger or acquisition.	departments	organization	companies	bank
departments should form teams and task forces that include				
members from both the companies.	HRM	HR	HRP	HRIS
Employees in the organisation are under tremendous stress during	formulating	creating	developing	mergers
When two companies, there is bound to be a clash of culture.	merge	formulating	creating	developing

managers must help people understand each others culture and				
develop a culture of its own.	HRP AND IS	HR	HRP	HRIS
When firmsthe risk associated with outsourced activities is also				
reduced.	evolution	jobbing	outsource	merger
Firms can cut down cost onactivities by outsourcing.	inventory	purchasing	marketing	operational
is a long erm relatiopnship formed for mutual benefits.	outsourcing	merging	evolution	jobbing
is one of the most important interventions for developing				
human resources.	development	training	marketing	updating
is the application of information to scan an organisations				
environment.	designer	sensing	inter alia	boundary
Theof the organisation need to be convinced by the fact the use				
of technology.	employees	manager	director	worker
also affects the acceptance of the implementation of new system				
in an organisation.	work culture	security concern	cost factor	learning
A technique designed for one country may not be effective in other country.	work culture	security concern	cost factor	learning
is an important factor to be taken into consideration before				
implementation of the E systems.	work culture	security concern	cost	orientation
be challenging for the users if they do not find it user friendly.	technical limitation	training and learning	cost factor	work culture
also minimize risks and potential liabilities.	HRM	HRP	HRIS	HRD
is especially useful when preparing annual increments or				
rewards.	risk management	training	total rewards	workforce planning
Web based HR system can reduce administration costs by%.	40	50	30	25
% of organisations outsource a portion of or their functions.	58	48	38	28
Allocation of the people to the job is	placement	induction	training	orientation